PART - D

Answer any one full question:

 $(1 \times 15 = 15)$

- 8. a) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{1}{x}\sin 2y = x^3\cos^2 y$. b) Verify for exactness and solve (4x + 3y + 1)dx + (3x + 2y + 1)dy = 0.
 - c) Solve $y + px = p^2x^4$.

- 9. a) Solve $\frac{dy}{dx} \frac{2}{x}y = (x + x^2)$.
 - b) Find the general and singular solution of $p^2(x^2 a^2) 2pxy + y^2 + a^2 = 0$.
 - c) Prove that the family $y^2 = 4a(x + a)$ is self orthogonal.





II Semester B.A./B.Sc. Examination, September 2020 (F + R) (CBCS) (Semester Scheme) (2014-15 and Onwards) MATHEMATICS (Paper – II)

Time: 3 Hours

Instructions: Answer all Parts.

PART - A



Answer any five questions:

- 1. a) Define subgroup of a group.
 - b) In a group $(G, *) \forall a, b, c \in G$ prove that $a * b = a * c \Rightarrow b = c$.
 - c) Find the radius of curvature at any point (p, r) on the curve $r^3 = a^2p$.
 - d) Find the length of subtangent to the curve $r\theta = a$.
 - e) Find $\frac{ds}{d\theta}$ if $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$.
 - f) Write the formula to find the volume of an arc of the curve y = f(x) from x = a and x = b.
 - g) Find the integrating factor of $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = \sec x$.
 - h) Solve $p^2 5p + 6 = 0$, where $p = \frac{dy}{dx}$

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Answer any one full question:

(1×15=15)

- 2. a) If (G, *) be a group and $a, b \in G$, then prove that $(a*b)^{-1} = b^{-1} * a^{-1}$.
 - b) Prove that the set of all square roots of unity is a subgroup of the group of fourth roots of unity under multiplication.
 - c) Prove that $G = \{2, 4, 6, 8\}$ is a group under multiplication modulo 10.

b) Find the envelope of the family of lines $y = mx + \frac{e}{3}RO^{1}$ ere m is a parameter



- 3. a) If G be the set of rationals except 1 and * is be the binary operation on G defined by a*b = a + b + ab, then prove that (G, *) is a group.
 - b) Prove that $G = \{1, 5, 7, 11\}$ is an abelian group under multiplication
 - c) If A = {1, 2, 3}, f = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and g = $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ then find fof, gof and (gof)⁻¹.

PART - C

Answer any two full questions:

 $(2 \times 15 = 30)$

- 4. a) With usual notations prove that $\tan \phi = r \frac{d\theta}{dr}$, for the polar curve $r = f(\theta)$.
 - b) Prove that the curves $r^n = a^n \cos \theta$ and $r^n = b^n \sin \theta$ cut orthogonally.
 - c) Show that the radius of curvature at any point on the cardioid $r = a(1 \cos\theta)$ is $\frac{2}{2}\sqrt{2ar}$.

5. a) With usual notations, prove that the radius of curvature of the curve y = f(x)

is $\rho = \frac{\left(1 + y_1^2\right)^{3/2}}{V_2}$.

b) Find the evolute of the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$.

c) Obtain the pedal equation of the

- 6. a) Find all the asymptotes of the curve $x^3 + x^2y xy^2 y^3 3x y 1 = 0$.
 - b) Find the surface area generated by revolving about the x-axis and the loop of the curve is $3ay^2 = x(x - a)^2$.
 - c) Find the positions and nature of the double point of the curve, $x^3 + x^2 + y^2 - x - 4y + 3 = 0$. The proof is the quart and (4.45) if (8.45)

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- 7. a) Find the length of an arc of the cycloid $x = a(\theta \sin\theta)$ and $y = a(1 \cos\theta)$.
 - b) Find the envelope of the family of lines $y = mx + \frac{a}{m}$ where m is a parameter.
 - c) Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the curve astroid $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = a^{\frac{2}{3}}$ about the x-axis.