## GN-229

100771

# V Semester B.Sc. Examination, December - 2019 (CBCS) (F+R) (2016-17 and Onwards)

### **BIOCHEMISTRY - VI**

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 70

Instructions: (i) The question paper has two Parts, Part-A and Part-B.

(ii) Answer any eight questions from Part-A and nine questions from Part-B.

#### PART - A

Answer any eight of the following questions. Each question carries two marks. 8x2=16

- 1. Explain the Induced Fit Model for enzyme substrate interaction.
- 2. Give the composition of 70S Ribosome.
- 3. Write a reaction catalysed by class 6 enzymes.
- 4. What is a Prosthetic group? Give an example.
- 5. 'RNA is Versatile' justify.
- 6. What is the role of (i) PLP
  - (ii) NAD+ Co-enzymes?
- 7. How do strong acids affect nucleic acids?
- 8. What is Hyperchromicity?
- 9. Give the effect of (i) Chloramphenicol
  - (ii) Streptomycin on translation
- 10. Write the tautomeric forms of Adenine.
- 11. What is the function of (i) Structural gene
  - (ii) Regulatory gene in Lac Operon?
- 12. How is DNA damage repaired by Nucleotide exision mechanism?





#### PART - E

|     |                    | FARI - B  | - 4         |
|-----|--------------------|---|-------------|
| 13. | Ansv<br>(a)<br>(b) | wer <b>any nine</b> of the following. Each question carries <b>six</b> marks. <b>9x6</b> Discuss uncompetitive inhibition using Line-weaver-Burk Plot.  What is the effect of temperature on enzyme activity? | 5=54<br>4+2 |
| 14. | (a) (b)            | What is meant by Enzyme assay? Explain spectroscopic method of enzyme assay with an example. What is Allosteric Inhibition?   | 4+2         |
| 15. | (a)<br>(b)         | How is $K_m$ and $V_{max}$ determined using Line-weaver-Burk Plot ? How do enzymes enhance the rate of a reaction ?   | 4+2         |
| 16. | (a)<br>(b)         | Explain Maxim Gilbert method of DNA Sequencing. A DNA contains 25% of each base. How many strands does it have? Justify the answer.   | 4+2         |
| 17. | (a)<br>(b)         | How was bidirectional replication visualised using autoradiography?  Differentiate between Lagging and Leading Strands.   | 4+2         |
| 18. | (a)<br>(b)         | Explain the melting temperature curve of DNA.  Give two differences between RNA and DNA.  | 4+2         |
| 19. | (a)<br>(b)         | Discuss Meselson and Stahl Experiment.  Name the modified bases of t-RNA.   | 4+2         |
| 20. | (a)<br>(b)         | Give an outline of DNA replication in Eukaryotes.  Name any two chemical mutagens.  | 4+2         |
| 21. | (a)<br>(b)         | Explain Frame shift mutation with an example.  How do DNA Pol-I and DNA Pol-III differ in their function?   | 4+2         |
| 22. | (a)<br>(b)         | Explain rho dependant termination of transcription.  What is a Promoter? Give its importance.   | 4+2         |
| 23. | (a)<br>(b)         | Explain attenuation control mechanism of Trp Operon. What is the central dogma of Molecular Biology?  | 4+2         |
| 24. | (a)<br>(b)         | Discuss the termination process of Prokaryotic translation. What is 'Shine-Dalgarno' sequence?  | 4+2         |
| 25. | (a)<br>(b)         | Give an outline of translation process in Eukaryotes. What is Wobble hypothesis?  | 4+2         |