61514

Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, March/April 2021

(CBCS - Semester Scheme)

Biochemistry

Paper VI — BIOCHEMISTRY

Instructions to Candidates :

Time: 3 Hours

- 1) This paper is for the students of new syllabus: 2014-15.
- 2) The Question Paper has two Parts: Part-A and Part-B.
- 3) Answer any EIGHT questions from Part-A.
- 4) Answer any NINE questions from Part-B.

PART - A

Answer any **EIGHT** of the following questions. Each question carries 2 marks: $(8 \times 2 = 16)$

- 1. What are mutagens? Give an example.
- 2. What is meant by Pribnow box?
- 3. Define Co-enzyme. Give an example.
- 4. Mention the types of RNA polymerase.
- Distinguish between Lagging and Leading strands.
- 6. What is active site of an enzyme?
- 7. What is meant by semi conservative replication?
- 8. What is optimum pH of an enzyme?
- 9. Define Holoenzyme.
- 10. What are nucleotides? Give an example.
- 11. What is base excision repair?
- 12. What are endonucleases?

[Max. Marks: 70

61514

PART – B

	Answer any NINE of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks : $(9 \times 6 = 5^{4})$		
13.	Exp	lain the classification of enzymes with suitable example.	(6)
14.	(a)	Write a note on isolation and sequencing of nucleic acid.	
	(b)	What is mis-sense mutation?	(4 + 2)
15.	(a)	Explain the dependent termination of transcription.	
	(b)	Mention the role of m-RNA in translation.	(4 + 2)
16.	(a)	Distinguish between competitive and uncompetitive inhibition.	
	(b)	Mention the types of DNA polymerase.	(4 + 2)
17.	(a)	Write the structure of ATP and GTP.	
	(b)	What is renaturation?	(4 + 2)
18.	(a)	Give an outline of translation in Eukaryotes.	
	(b)	List out any two units of enzyme activity.	(4 + 2)
19.	(a)	Explain induced fit model with suitable diagram.	
	(b)	What is allosteric inhibition? Mention the types of effectors.	(3 + 3)
20.	(a)	Explain the characteristic features of an enzyme.	
	(b)	Write the significance of $K_{\rm m}$ and $V_{\rm max}$.	(4 + 2)
21.	(a)	Write the characteristic features of genetic code.	
	(b)	What are nucleo proteins?	(4 + 2)
22.	(a)	Explain Maxim-Gilbert method of DNA sequencing.	
	(b)	What is an operon?	(4 + 2)
23.	(a)	Write a note on enzyme assay.	
	(b)	Write the composition of eukaryotic ribosomes.	(4 + 2)

61514

24.	(a)	Explain the mechanism of DNA replication in prokaryotes.	
	(b)	What is denaturation?	(4 + 2)
25.	(a)	Write the structure of Lac operon. Explain its regulation.	
	(b)	What is photoactivation?	(4 + 2)

