



8. a) Evaluate $\int_0^a \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2}} \int_0^{\sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2}} \frac{dx dy dz}{\sqrt{a^2-x^2-y^2-z^2}}$.

b) Evaluate $\iint_R xy(x^2+y^2)^{3/2} dx dy$ over the positive quadrant of the circle $x^2+y^2=a^2$ by transforming to polar co-ordinates.

OR

9. a) Find the volume bounded by the cylinder $x^2+y^2=4$ and the planes $y+z=3$ and $z=0$.

b) Evaluate $\iiint_R z(x^2+y^2) dx dy dz$, $x^2+y^2 \leq 1$; $2 \leq z \leq 3$ by changing to cylindrical polar co-ordinates.

PART - D

Answer **two full** questions :

(2x10=20)

10. a) State and prove Green's theorem in a plane.

b) By using Green's theorem, evaluate $\int_C (y - \sin x) dx + \cos x dy$, where C is the triangle in the xy-plane bounded by the lines $y=0$, $x=\frac{\pi}{2}$ and $y=\frac{2x}{\pi}$.

OR

11. a) Evaluate $\iiint_S \vec{F} \cdot \hat{n} ds$ using divergence theorem, where

$\vec{F} = (x^2 - yz) \hat{i} + (y^2 - zx) \hat{j} + (z^2 - xy) \hat{k}$ taken over the rectangular parallelepiped $0 \leq x \leq a$, $0 \leq y \leq b$, $0 \leq z \leq c$.

b) Evaluate $\int_C e^{-x} \sin y dx + e^{-x} \cos y dy$, using Green's theorem, where C is the rectangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(\pi, 0)$, $(\pi, \frac{\pi}{2})$ and $(0, \frac{\pi}{2})$.

12. a) Using Stoke's theorem evaluate $\int_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$, where $\vec{F} = y^2 \hat{i} + x^2 \hat{j} - (x+z) \hat{k}$ and C is the boundary of the triangle with vertices $(0, 0, 0)$, $(1, 0, 0)$ and $(1, 1, 0)$.

