



IV Semester B.C.A. Examination, September/October 2022
(CBCS) (F + R)
MATHEMATICS
Paper – IV : Operation Research

Time : 3 Hours

Max. Marks : 100

Instruction : Answer all the Sections.

SECTION – A

I. Answer **any ten** of the following. **(10×2=20)**

- 1) Define Operation Research.
- 2) Define slack and surplus variable.
- 3) Define artificial variables with examples.
- 4) Define basic feasible solution and optimum solution in transportation problem.
- 5) What are the different methods in solving assignment problems ?
- 6) How to calculate critical path ?
- 7) Define expected time in PERT. Write its mathematical formula.
- 8) Explain Fulkerson’s rule of numbering events.
- 9) Write the steps for backward pass computation.
- 10) Define independent float and free float of an activity.
- 11) Define :
 - i) Total elapsed time
 - ii) Idle time.
- 12) What is pay-off matrix ? Give an example.



SECTION – B

II. Answer **any four** of the following. **(4×10=40)**

- 13) a) Explain the phases of operation research. **4**
- b) A production manager wants to determine the quantity to be produced per month of Products A and B manufactured by his firm. The data on resources required and availability of resources are given below :

Resources	Requirements		Available per month
	Product A	Product B	
Raw material (kg)	60	120	12000
Machine hours (pieces)	8	5	600
Assembly man (Hour)	3	4	500
Scale price/piece	Rs. 30	Rs. 40	

Formulate the above problem as a standard linear programming problem. **6**



14) a) Explain the general LPP in standard form. 4

b) Solve the following LPP by graphical method : 4

$$\text{Maximize } z = 2x + 3y$$

Subjected to the constraints

$$x + 2y \leq 10$$

$$x + y \leq 6$$

$$x \leq 4$$

$$x, y \geq 0$$

15) a) Use Vogel's approximation method to obtain an initial basic feasible solution of the given transportation problem : 6

	D	E	F	G	Available
A	11	13	17	14	250
B	16	18	14	10	300
C	21	24	13	10	400
Demand	200	225	275	250	

b) Determine an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using North-West corner rule : 4

		Destination					
		1	2	3	4	5	Supply
Source	A	2	11	10	3	7	4
	B	1	4	7	2	1	8
	C	3	9	4	8	12	9
Demand		3	3	4	5	6	

16) a) Explain Hungarian method for solving assignment problem. 5

b) The assignment cost of assigning any one operator to any one machine is given in the following table : 5

		Operator			
		I	II	III	IV
Machine	A	10	5	13	15
	B	3	9	18	3
	C	10	7	3	2
	D	5	11	9	7

Find the optimal assignment schedule.



17) A small project consists of seven activities for which the relevant data are given below :

Activity	Preceding Activities	Activity Duration
A	-	4
B	-	7
C	-	6
D	A, B	5
E	A, B	7
F	C, D, E	6
G	C, D, E	5

- i) Draw the network and find the project completion time. 5
- ii) Calculate the total float for each of the activities. 5
- 18) Write short notes on : 5
 - a) Strategies used in game theory. 5
 - b) Maximin-Minimax principle. 5

SECTION - C

III. Answer **any four** of the following. (4x10=40)

- 19) a) Compare between assignment problem and transportation problem. 4
- b) Solve the following linear programming problem by simplex method : 6
 Maximize $z = 5x + 3y$
 Subject to the constraints 6
 $x + y \leq 2$
 $5x + 2y \leq 10$
 $3x + 8y \leq 12$
 $x, y \geq 0$
- 20) a) Solve the following transportation problem by MODI Method : 6

	1	2	3	4	Supply
I	21	16	25	13	11
II	17	18	14	23	13
III	32	27	18	41	19
Demand	6	10	12	15	

- b) Write the steps to find initial basic feasible solution by matrix minima method. 4



- 14) a) Explain the general LPP in standard form. 4
 b) Solve the following LPP by graphical method :
 Maximize $z = 2x + 3y$
 Subjected to the constraints
 $x + 2y \leq 10$
 $x + y \leq 6$
 $x \leq 4$
 $x, y \geq 0$ 6

- 15) a) Use Vogel's approximation method to obtain an initial basic feasible solution of the given transportation problem : 6

	D	E	F	G	Available
A	11	13	17	14	250
B	16	18	14	10	300
C	21	24	13	10	400
Demand	200	225	275	250	

- b) Determine an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using North-West corner rule : 4

		Destination					
		1	2	3	4	5	Supply
Source	A	2	11	10	3	7	4
	B	1	4	7	2	1	8
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Demand		3	3	4	5	6	

- 16) a) Explain Hungarian method for solving assignment problem. 5
 b) The assignment cost of assigning any one operator to any one machine is given in the following table : 5

		Operator			
		I	II	III	IV
Machine	A	10	5	13	15
	B	3	9	18	3
	C	10	7	3	2
	D	5	11	9	7

Find the optimal assignment schedule.